

INTRODUCTION

- Maximizing tendencies are linked to lower wellbeing (Schwartz et al., 2002) but often yield better outcomes in work settings, such as higher-quality choices and higher pay (Iyengar et al., 2006; Polman, 2010).
- Little research exists on how decision-making styles affect perceptions. Maximizers are viewed as less warm, leading to reduced social support (Chen et al., 2022).
- Social perceptions of maximizers and satisficers are expected to vary by context: maximizers are likely to be seen more positively in work contexts, while satisficers are preferred in consumer contexts.

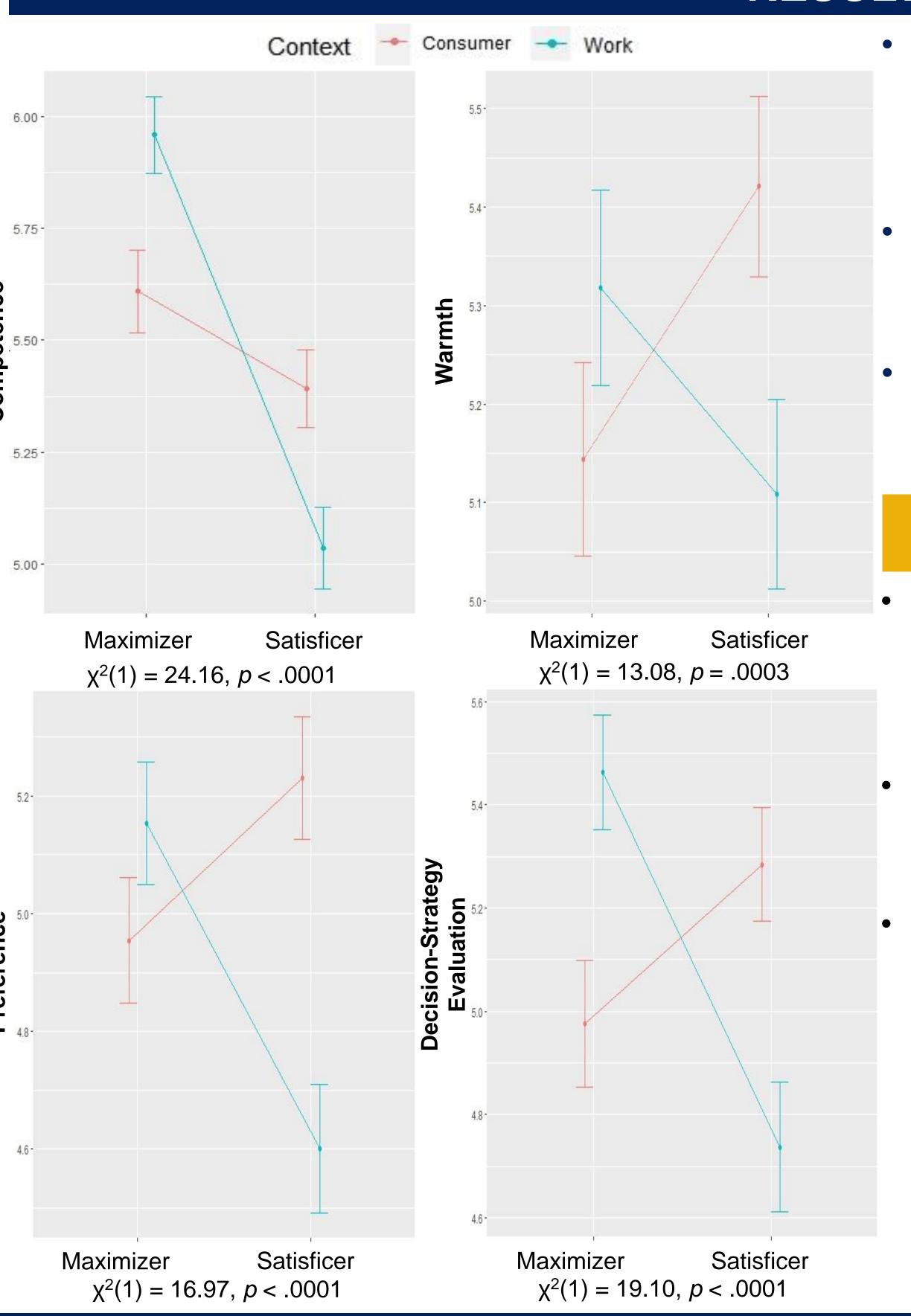
METHODS

- Participants: 296 individuals evaluated social perceptions of maximizers and satisficers in consumer and work contexts.
- **Design:** 2 (Style: maximizer vs. satisficer) x 2 (Context: consumer vs. work); Style was withinsubject, Context between-subject.
- Scenario: Consumer contexts—buying a fan, choosing a restaurant; Work contexts—selecting a logo, choosing a project. Participants were assigned to one scenario.
- Analysis: Mixed ANOVA assessed interaction between style and context.

Perceptions of Maximizers vs. Satisficers in Consumer and Work Contexts Young Joo Jun¹, Barry Schwartz¹, Nathan N. Cheek²

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RESULTS





 Competence and Warmth: Maximizers were perceived as more competent and warmer in work contexts, while satisficers were viewed as warmer in consumer contexts.

 Relationship Preference: Maximizers were preferred in professional relationships, whereas satisficers were favored in personal relationships.

• Evaluation: Maximizing was viewed as a wiser approach in work contexts, while satisficing was considered more effective in consumer contexts.

DISCUSSION

 Our findings suggest that perceptions and preferences for decision-making styles vary by context, underscoring the value of tailoring styles to specific situations.

• We also offer insights into distinct expectations in personal relationships, professional versus revealing when maximizing can be a social asset. • Our next study will explore broader implications, especially people's willingness to help maximizers and satisficers.

References

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