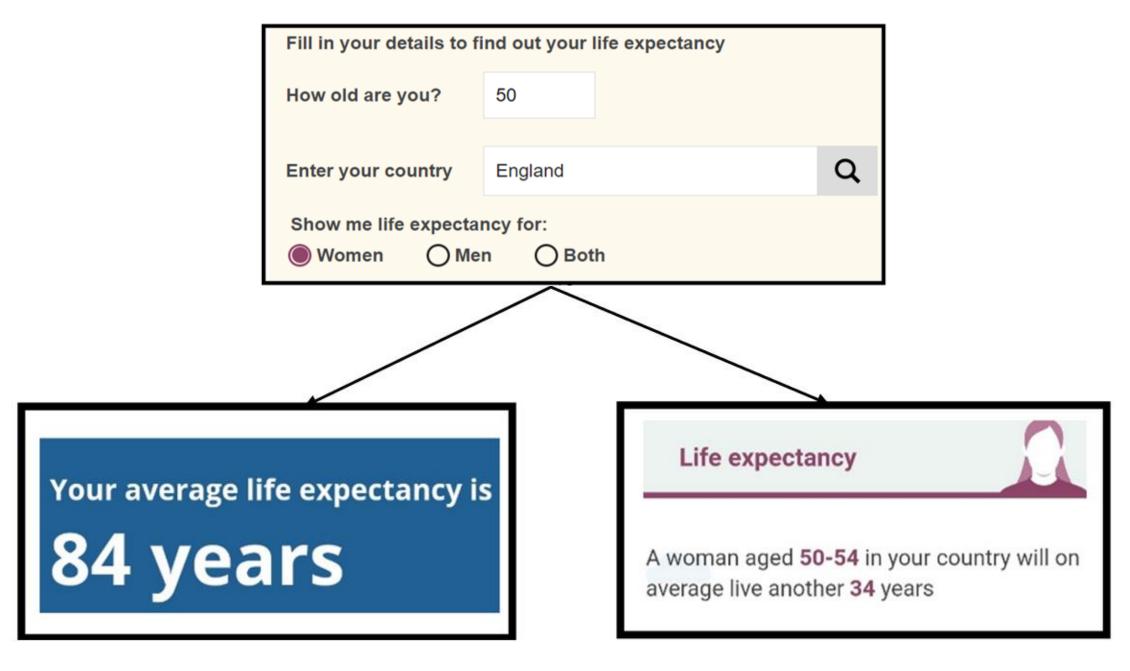
Temporal Frames of Life Expectancy

MOTIVATION

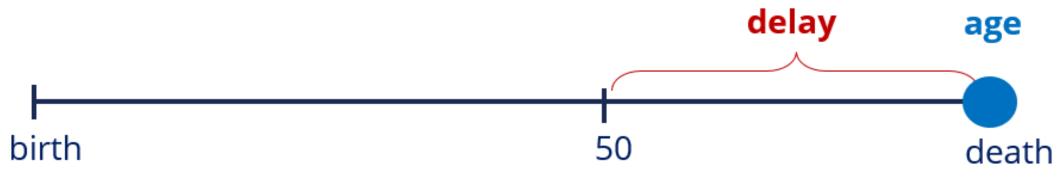


ABSTRACT

Consumers often learn about their life expectancy either in **age format** (e.g., you are expected to live until the age of 84) or in **delay format** (e.g., you are expected to live another 34 years). This research reveals that **consumers perceive their** life expectancy to be shorter when it is described in **delay (vs. age) format.** We propose that consumers may better realize how short their life expectancy is in delay (vs. age) format because delay format indicates a time interval while age format indicates an abstract point in the future. We further demonstrate some consequences of this effect on consumer behaviour in **health**, **hedonic consumption**, and **time management** domains.

MECHANISM

- Age format indicates an abstract point in the future.
- **Delay format** indicates **a time interval.**



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OVERVIEW OF THE STUDIES

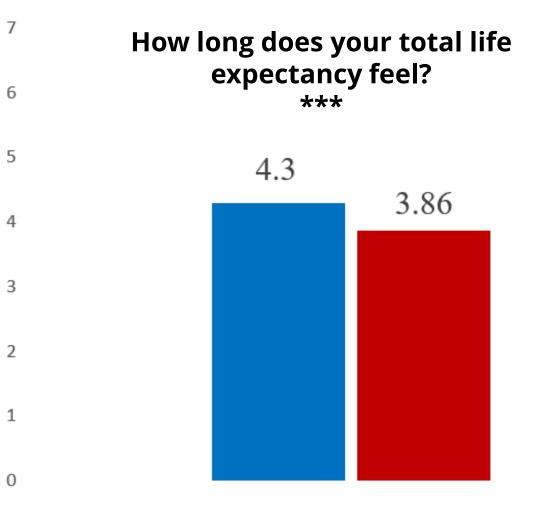
Stu	

Study	Ν	Design	DV	Moderator	• De
Study 1	600	2 Conditions: Age vs. Delay	Perception of Life Expectancy	-	he co
Study 2A	601	2 Conditions: Age vs. Delay	Health article & Anti-aging Supplement	-	LOO% 90% 80% 70%
Study 2B	531	2 Conditions: Age vs. Delay	Hedonic Consumption	-	60% 50% 40% 30%
Study 2C	395	2 Conditions: Age vs. Delay	Time Management	-	20% 10% 0% 7
Study 3	800	2(Age vs. Delay) x 2(Control vs. Bucket List)	Perception of Life Expectancy	Focus point	6 5 4

RESULTS

Study 1: Main Effect

- Age: You are expected to live until the age of 84.
- **Delay**: You are expected to live another 34 years.
- Life expectancy in **delay** (vs. **age**) format is perceived to be shorter.



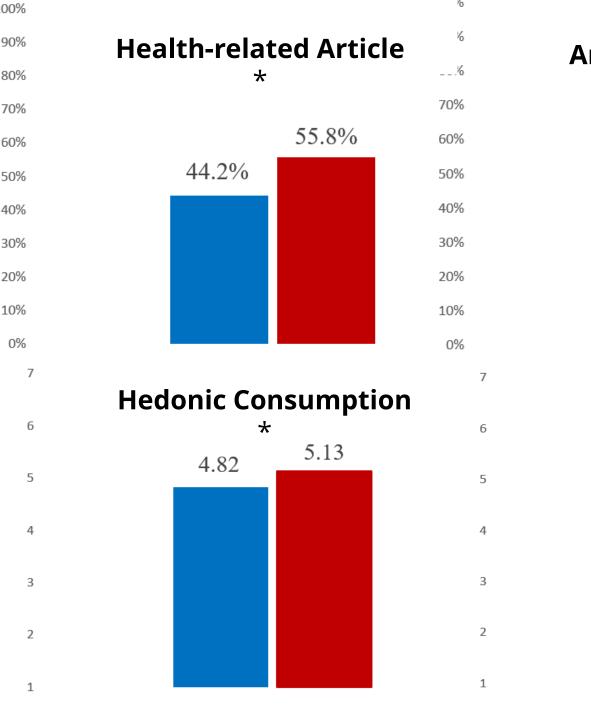
Study 3: Mechanism

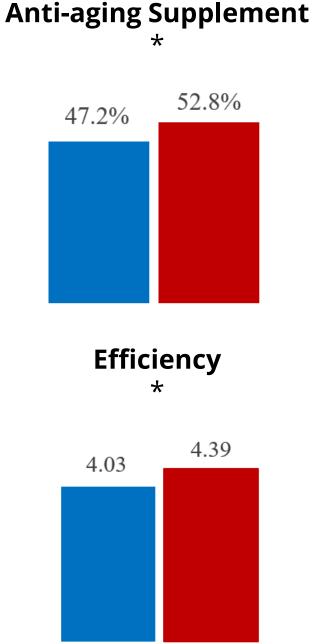




dies 2a-2b-2c: Behavioral Consequences

Delay (vs. age) format increases consumers' interest in health-related article and anti-aging supplement hedonic consumption and efficiency.





• 2(age vs. delay) x 2(control vs. bucket list)

Bucket list: List 10 things you want to do before you die.

Directing attention to the time interval attenuates the effect.

