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Introduction

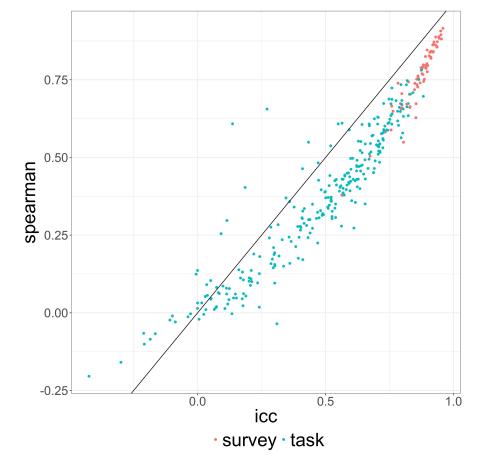
 Psychological literature is rich with measures of impulsivity, self-control, inhibition, delay discounting etc. • These measures are often assumed to capture trait-like individual differences without evaluating their stability over time. • We present a comprehensive literature review as well as novel analyses on a new large dataset containing both types of measures

Methods

 Battery consisted of 37 cognitive tasks and 23 questionnaires putatively related to self-regulation https://expfactory.github.io/table.html • N=150 passed QC

• Average retest delay = 115 days (range = 60 - 228 days)

 ICC's were used as the main retest reliability metric (no changes with Spearman or Pearson correlations)



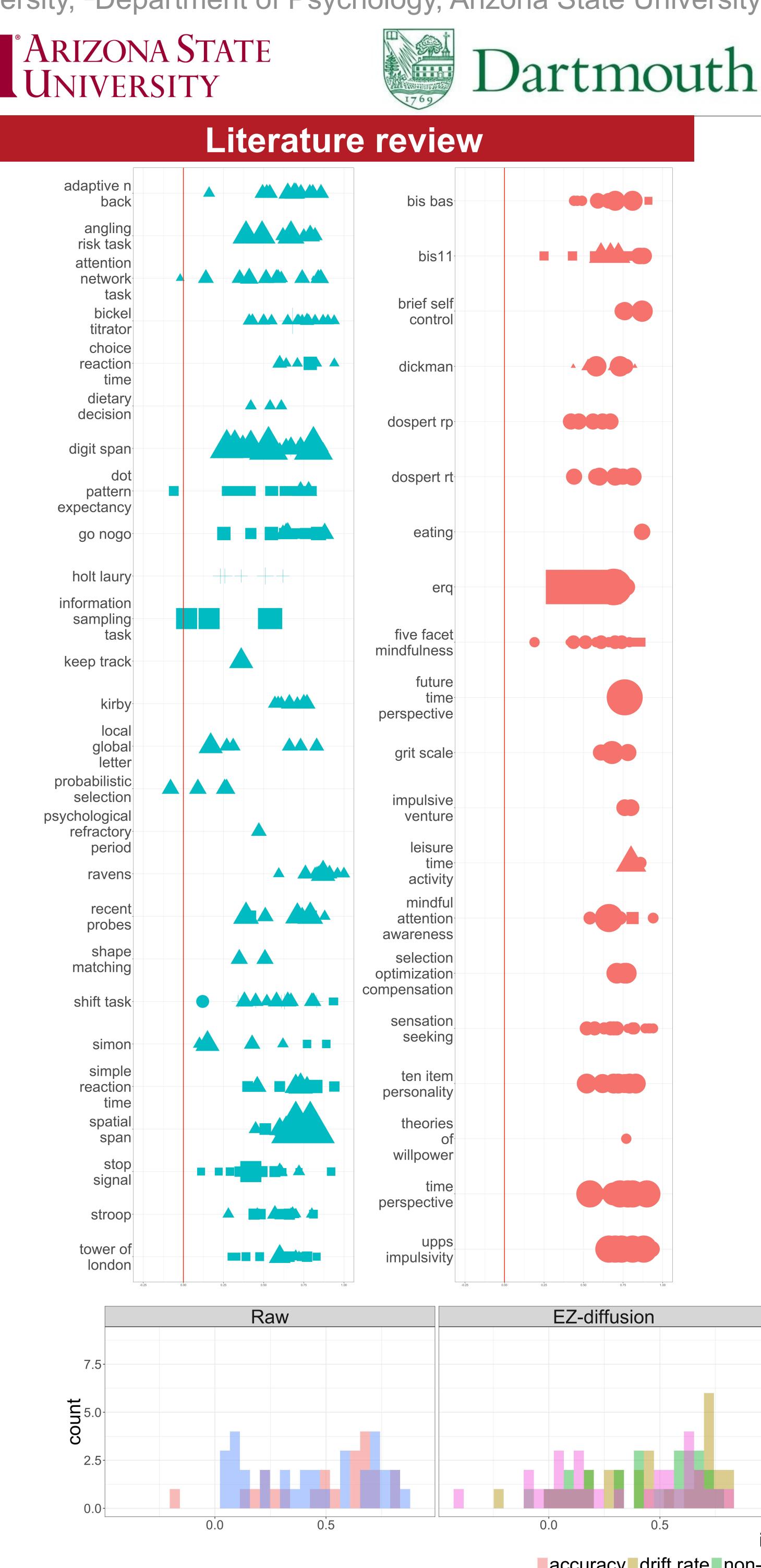
 Bootstrapped reliabilities (n=1000)

Conclusions

 Dependent variables from cognitive tasks show larger variability and lower reliability compared to measures from surveys Drift diffusion parameters show similar reliability to RT and accuracy

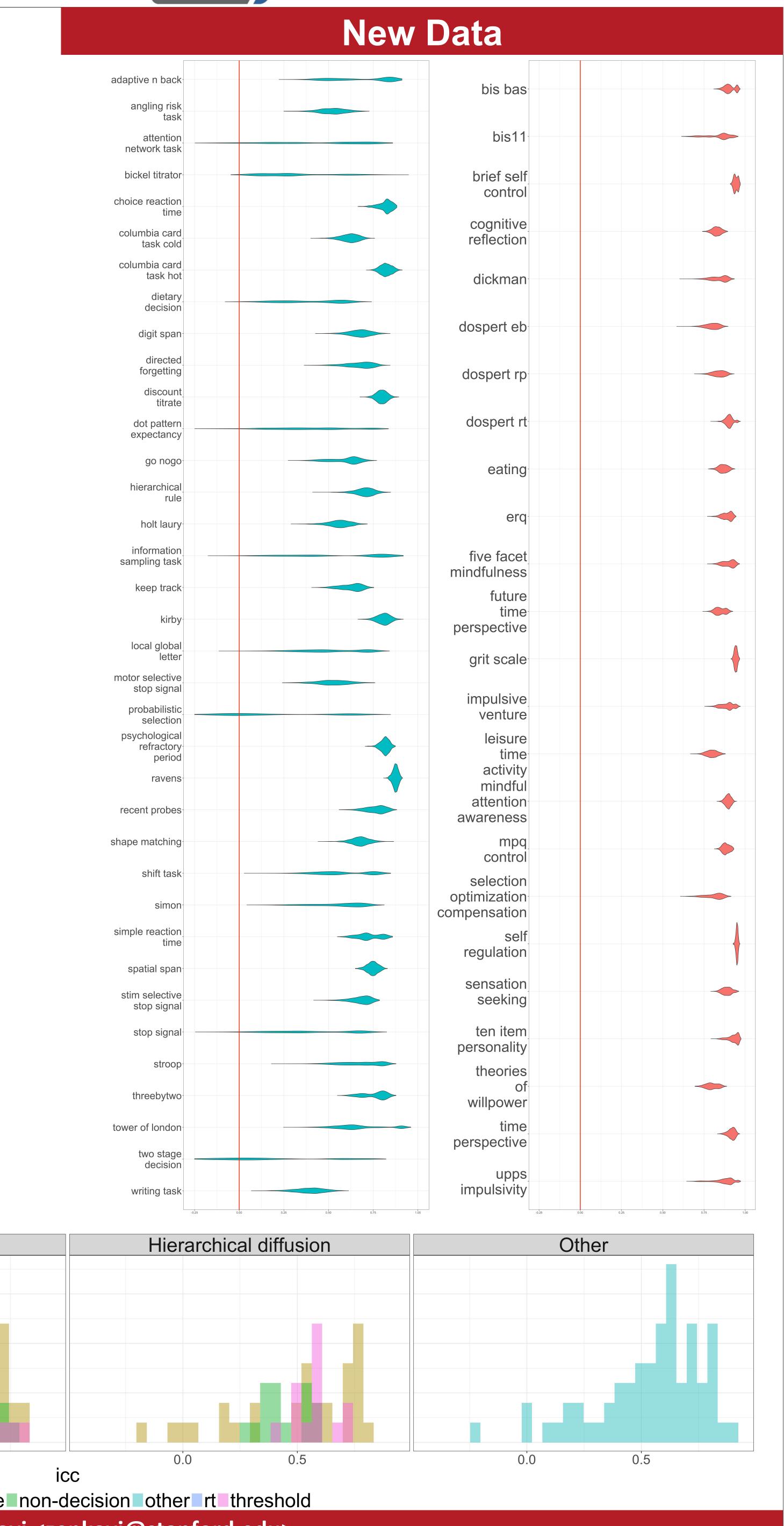
References

An interactive version of the literature review as well as a list of all the references can be found at <u>goo.gl/gM7Pgr</u>



A large-scale analysis of test-retest reliabilities of self-regulation measures A. Z. Enkavi¹, I. W. Eisenberg¹, P. G. Bissett¹, G. L. Mazza², D. P. Mackinnon², L. A. Marsch³, R.A. Poldrack¹

National Institutes of Health



accuracy drift rate non-decision other rt threshold **Contact: A. Zeynep Enkavi < zenkavi@stanford.edu>**

